### **BBA-103**

### STATISTICS - I

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The questions are of equal value.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

## GROUP A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

| 1.    | Answer any ter   | questions.             |                             |                           | 10×1 = 10 |
|-------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| (i)   | Standard devia   | tion is dependen       | it on                       |                           |           |
|       | (A) origin only  | •                      | (B) s                       | scale only                |           |
|       | (C) both (A) ar  | nd (B)                 | (D) 1                       | none of these             |           |
| (ii)  | The G.M. of 3,   | 12 and 48 is           |                             |                           |           |
|       | (A) 12           | (B) 9                  | (C) 6                       | (D) none of these         |           |
| (iii) | Correlation coe  | efficient lies between | ween                        |                           |           |
|       | (A) - 1  to  + 1 | (B) 0 to 1             | (C) 1 to 2                  | (D) none of these         |           |
| (iv)  | For a distributi | on $A.M. = 105$ ,      | S.D. = 21. The coefficients | efficient of variation is |           |
|       | (A) 30%          | (B) 20%                | (C) 19.5%                   | (D) none of these         | •         |
| (v)   | The price index  | x of the base yea      | r considered as             |                           |           |
|       | (A) 200          | (B) 10                 | (C) 1000                    | (D) 100                   |           |
| (vi)  | The median of    | the following da       | ata                         |                           |           |
|       | 12, 5, 7, 10, 4, | 9, 15, 14, 2 is        |                             |                           |           |
|       | (A) 9            | (B) 10                 | (C) 12                      | (D) 4                     |           |
|       |                  |                        |                             |                           |           |

| (vii)  | Y = a + b X in       | this regression o                        | equation, b is                        |  |
|--------|----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|        | (A) intercept        | (B) slope                                | (C) variable                          | (D) random number                      |
| (viii) | Which of the fetest? | ollowing metho                           | ds will satisfy l                     | both time reversal and factor reversal |
|        | (A) Lasperye's       | method                                   | (                                     | B) Paasche's method                    |
| ,      | (C) Fisher's ide     | eal test                                 | (                                     | D) Marshall-Edgeworth method           |
| (ix)   | A graphical rep      | oresentation of a                        | cumulative fre                        | quency distribution is called          |
|        | (A) ogive            |  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | B) cumulative frequency polygon        |
|        | (C) both (A) ar      | nd (B)                                   |                                       | D) none of these                       |
| (x)    | Which of the fe      | ollowing is the r                        | neasure of disp                       | ersion                                 |
|        | (A) median           | (B) mode                                 | (C) mean de                           | eviation (D) none of these             |
| (xi)   | There are            | _ models for de                          | scribing a time                       | series.                                |
|        | (A) 3                | (B) 6                                    | · (C) 5                               | (D) none of these                      |
| (xii)  | Which of the fe      | ollowing is false                        | ?                                     |  |
|        | (A) A.M. × H.        | $M. = (G.M.)^2$                          |                                       |  |
|        | (B) A.M. × H.1       | $M. = (G.M.)^3/(G$                       | .M.)                                  |  |
| * ;    | (C) A.M. × H.I       | $M. = (G.M.)^4/(G$                       | .M.)                                  |  |
|        | (D) A.M. × H.        | $\mathbf{M.} = (\mathbf{G.M.}) \times ($ | $A.M. \times H.M.$                    |  |

## **GROUP B** (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three questions.

 $3\times5=15$ 

4+1

2. (a) Define primary data and secondary data with examples.

- (b) What is the relation between A.M., G.M. and H.M. of n observations.
- 3. Following data on the mode of transport, people use to get to their workplace, were obtained from a survey of 100 office-goers in a city:

| Auto | Bus | Train | Taxi | Private Car |
|------|-----|-------|------|-------------|
| 24   | 22  | 25    | 15   | 14          |

Draw an appropriate bar diagram for the above data.

4. What is the relation between mean, median and mode.

Find mode of the following data:

| Monthly in some (Ps) | 1000 - |            |            | 2500 -     |            | 3500 -     |
|----------------------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| income(Rs) No. of    | 30     | 2000<br>50 | 2500<br>75 | 3000<br>68 | 3500<br>43 | 4000<br>24 |
| Workers              | 30     | 30         | /3         | 00         | 73         | 24         |

5. Find the missing frequency in the following frequency distribution when the mean is 11.09

| Class     | 9.3- | 9.8- | 10.3- | 10.8- | 11.3- | 11.8- | 12.3- | 12.8- | TOTAL |
|-----------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| limit     | 9.7  | 10.2 | 10.7  | 11.2  | 11.7  | 12.2  | 12.7  | 13.2  |       |
| Frequency | 2    | 5    | ?     | ?     | 14    | 6     | 3     | 1     | 60    |

6. If  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  are uncorrelated variables each having the same standard deviation, obtain the correlation coefficient between  $X_1 + X_2$  and  $X_2 + X_3$ .

# GROUP C (Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three questions.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

7. (a) The data below given is the marks secured by 63 candidates in a certain examination:

9+6

| 21 | 31  | 35 | 52 | 64 | 74 | 89 | 53 | 42 |
|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 22 | 35  | 43 | 67 | 76 | 35 | 46 | 26 | 32 |
| 72 | -43 | 38 | 41 | 63 | 71 | 28 | 32 | 45 |
| 15 | 18  | 52 | 73 | 86 | 50 | 39 | 55 | 47 |
| 44 | 58  | 67 | 85 | 39 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 72 |
| 57 | 63  | 5  | 56 | 79 | 37 | 24 | 54 | 82 |
| 51 | 54  | 68 | 29 | 34 | 44 | 58 | 62 | 59 |

Construct a frequency distribution of the marks, take classes of uniform width of 10 marks and 0 as the lower limit of the lower-most class.

(b) Construct Fisher's index number from the following data:

| Item | Quar | ntity | Pric | Price |  |  |
|------|------|-------|------|-------|--|--|
|      | 2009 | 2010  | 2009 | 2010  |  |  |
| Α    | 10   | 12    | 12   | 15    |  |  |
| В    | 5    | 10    | 8    | 10    |  |  |
| C    | 12   | 16    | 10   | 12    |  |  |

8. (a) The coefficient of rank correlation in between a sample of observations is 0.25. If the sum of the squares of differences in ranks is 63, find the total number of observations.

7+8

(b) Find correlation coefficient for the following data:

| X | 6 | 2  | 10 | 8 | 4 |
|---|---|----|----|---|---|
| Y | 9 | 11 | 5  | 7 | 8 |

9. (a) The weights (in kg) of 6 persons are 64, 60, 60, 64, 60 and 64. Calculate the mean deviation about mean.

5+10

(b) Fit a trend equation to the following data by the method of least squares.

| Year       | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Production | 83   | 92   | 71   | 90   | 169  |

Estimate also the production for 1980.

10.(a) The following data are given for marks in Statistics and Mathematics recorded at a certain examination.

8+7

|            | Statistics | Mathematics |
|------------|------------|-------------|
| Mean       | 36         | 85          |
| Marks      |            |             |
| S.D. Marks | 11         | 8           |

Coefficient of correlation between marks is 0.66. Find two regression equations.

(b) Find quartile deviation from the following data:

| Marks    | 35 - 36 | 36 - 37 | 37 - 38 | 38 - 39 | 39 - 40 | 40 - 41 | 41 – |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|
|          |         |         |         |         | *       |         | 42   |
| Students | 14      | 20      | 42      | 54      | 45      | 18      | 7    |

11.(a) Calculate the Skewness on the basis of mean, mode and standard deviation.

6+4+5

- F: 35 40 48 100 125 87 43 22
- (b) Define time series and state the components of time series. (c) The regression equations are 8x-10y+66=0 and 40x-18y=214

Find (i)  $\bar{x}$  and  $\bar{y}$  (ii) r.