

MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL

Paper Code: BBA-104

ECONOMICS - I

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - i) Income elasticity of demand for an inferior good is
 - a) Negative
- b) Positive

c) Zero

- d) One.
- ii) Expansion path for a homogeneous production function will be
 - a) Negatively sloped
 - b) Positively sloped
 - c) Horizontal
 - d) Positively sloped straight line.

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iii)	If price elasticity of demand >1 then MR is	
	a)	> 0 b) < 0
	c)	0 d) none of these.
iv)	Wh	en the total product is maximum, marginal
	pro	duct is
	a)	zero b) positive
	c)	negative d) infinity.
v)	Und	der Constant Returns to Scale, the long-run
	Average Cost curve is	
	a)	Horizontal b) Upward rising
	c)	Downward falling d) Vertical.
vi)	i) Shut down point exists at	
	a)	Minimum point of average variable cost curve
	b)	Minimum point of short run average cost curve
	c)	Minimum point of long run marginal cost
		curve
,		Minimum point of short run fixed cost curve.
vii)		
		ause
	a)	They are tangent to the minimum points of the
		short run cost curves showing least cost of production
	b)	
	c)	They show low costs of raw materials
	d)	All of these.
viii)	Slope of an Iso-quant Curve expresses Marginal	
· · - ,	Rate of	
•	a)	Technical Substitution
	b)	Increasing Returns
	c)	Decreasing Returns
	d)	Revenue Returns.

- ix) When AC is minimum
 - a) AC = MC
- b) MC > AC
- c) MC < AC
- d) None of these.
- x) Supply curve of a monopolist is
 - a) upward rising
- b) vertical
- c) horizontal
- d) non-existent.
- xi) Dumping involves
 - a) Selling at the lower price in the domestic market
 - b) Price discrimination between two customers
 - c) Dump goods at market and sell it on footpath
 - d) Price discrimination in the home market and the foreign market.
- xii) When elasticity of supply is one, the supply curve
 - a) Passes through the origin
 - b) Downward sloping
 - c) Touches the x-axis
 - d) None of these.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. Discuss how elasticity is measured at different points on a downward sloping demand curve.
- 3. What is price discrimination? When is it possible? When is it profitable?
- 4. What are positive and negative externalities? Explain with examples.
- 5. How does the equilibrium condition differ between a perfectly competitive market and a monopolistic market?
- 6. Establish the relationship between AR, MR and price elasticity of demand.

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GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. The demand function for a good X is given by D(x) = 50 0.8 P(X) + 3P(y) + 200 Y Where D(x) stands for demand for good X P stands for the price of good x/y Y stands for the income.
 - a) Explain the above function and the nature of the goods.
 - b) Find the price elasticity of story books when P(x) = Rs. 50. Interpret this
 - c) Interpret the nature of commodity X from its income elasticity when Y = Rs. 30.
 - d) Conclude and interpret about the relation between good X & Good Y from the cross price elasticity when P(y) = 10. 3 + 3 + 3 + 6
- 8. What is meant by Economics of Scale? Relate Economics of Scale to the shape of the LAC curve. What is the relationship between LAC and LMC? 3+9+3
- 9. Determine the short run equilibrium in perfect competition. Show the break even and shut down point. Will the firm shut down if it earns loss? If not, then when?
 10 + 2 + 3
- 10. In the context of an oligopolistic market, explain the concept of Kinked demand curve. Comment on the determination of equilibrium in this model. 8 + 7
- 11. Write short notes on any three of the following: 3×5
 - a) Quasi-rent and Economic Rent
 - b) Bilateral Monopoly
 - c) Properties of Iso-quant
 - d) Characteristics of monopolistic competition
 - e) Theories of Profit.

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