



Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/BBA (H), BIRM, BSCM/SEM-1/BBA-102/2010-11

2010-11

MATHEMATICS – I

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following : 10 × 1 = 10

i) The value of \log_3^{27} is

- a) 5
- b) 3
- c) 4
- d) 2.

ii) If $P(n) = n^2 - n + 41, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$ then $P(n)$ is

- a) an even number
- b) a number divisible by 3
- c) a prime number
- d) a number divisible by 7.



- ix) The function $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 2$ is a
- a) Even function
 - b) Odd function
 - c) Both (a) & (b)
 - d) Neither (a) nor (b).
- x) π is a/an
- a) natural number
 - b) rational number
 - c) irrational number
 - d) complex number.
- xi) The number of ways in which 4 letters can be ported in 5 letter boxes is
- a) 4^5
 - b) 5P_4
 - c) 5^4
 - d) 5C_4 .
- xii) The coordinates of the centroid of the triangle whose vertices are $(2, 0)$, $(1, -3)$, $(-3, 3)$ is
- a) $(2, 1)$
 - b) $(0, 0)$
 - c) $(-1, 3)$
 - d) $(2, 4)$.



GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

3 × 5 = 15

2. If $x \propto y + z$, $y \propto z + x$ and $z \propto x + y$, then prove that

$$\frac{k}{k+1} + \frac{l}{l+1} + \frac{m}{m+1} = 1, \text{ where } k, l, m \text{ are the constants of}$$

variation.

3. Find the equation of the locus of a point such that the difference of its distances from the points (5, 0) and (- 5, 0) is always 5 units.

4. Without using Venn Diagram prove that

$$A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C).$$

5. Show that $7 \log \left(\frac{10}{9} \right) - 2 \log \left(\frac{25}{24} \right) + 3 \log \left(\frac{81}{80} \right) = \log 2$.

6. In how many ways can the letters of the word "BALLOON" be arranged, so that two 'O's do not come together ?



GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) If α and β are the roots of the equation $2x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$, then form such an equation, whose roots are $\alpha^2 + \beta$ and $\beta^2 + \alpha$.
- b) Show that $\frac{1}{1 + \log_x^{yz}} + \frac{1}{1 + \log_y^{xz}} + \frac{1}{1 + \log_z^{xy}} = 1$.
- c) Find the sum of series
 $1.2 + 2.3 + 3.4 + \dots + \text{upto } n \text{ terms.}$
8. a) Find the locus of the point, the ratio of whose distances from the line $x = 2$ and from the point $(5, -1)$ is $3 : 2$.
- b) If the coefficient of x^3 in the expansion of $\left(x^2 + \frac{k}{x}\right)^6$ be 160, find the value of k .
- c) Find the equation of the circle through the points $(4, 3)$ and $(-2, 5)$ and having its centre on the line $2x - 3y = 4$.



9. a) What is the present value of Rs. 1,000 due in 2 years at 5% compound interest according as the interest is paid

i) yearly

ii) half-yearly.

b) Apply the principle of mathematical induction to prove,

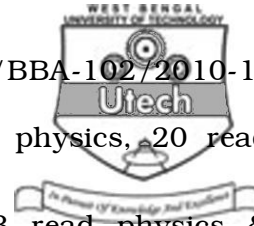
$$\frac{1}{4.7} + \frac{1}{7.10} + \frac{1}{10.13} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n+1).(3n+4)} = \frac{n}{4(3n+4)}.$$

c) Solve for x : $2^{x+2} + 2^{x-1} = 9$

10. a) Find the sum of the series $5 + 55 + 555 + \dots +$ upto n terms.

b) Find the square root of $12 - \sqrt{68 + 48\sqrt{2}}$.

c) Prove that the three points $(-2, -2)$, $(2, 2)$ and $(-2\sqrt{3}, 2\sqrt{3})$ are vertices of equilateral triangle. Find the area of triangle.



11. a) In a class of 50 students 15 read physics, 20 read chemistry, 20 read mathematics, 3 read physics & chemistry, 6 read chemistry & mathematics and 5 read physics & mathematics. 7 read none of the subject. How many students read all the subjects ?
- b) Find the total number of arrangements of the letters of the word "STATISTICS" when
- i) there is no restriction
 - ii) the vowels remain together
 - iii) order of the vowels remain unchanged.

