



Name : .....  
Roll No. : .....  
Invigilator's Signature : .....

**CS / BBA(H) / BIRM / BSCM / SEM-1 / BBA-105 / 2009-10  
2009**

**INDIAN SOCIETY & CULTURE**

*Time Allotted* : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

**GROUP – A**

**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives of the following :  $10 \times 1 = 10$

i) What is the percentage of urban population in India ?

- |        |         |
|--------|---------|
| a) 20% | b) 25%  |
| c) 50% | d) 75%. |

ii) Which state has the lowest literacy rate in India ?

- |                |            |
|----------------|------------|
| a) West Bengal | b) Bihar   |
| c) Jharkhand   | d) Kerala. |





viii) Which state has the largest scheduled caste population ?

- a) West Bengal                      b) Bihar  
c) Uttar Pradesh                      d) Madhya Pradesh.

ix) A child means

- a) above 8 years                      b) above 18 years  
c) below 18 years                      d) below 14 years.

x) "Mandal Commission" is associated with the welfare of

- a) S.C.                                      b) S.T.  
c) OBC                                      d) none of these.

**GROUP – B**

**( Short Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.                      3 × 5 = 15

2. Enumerate the different causes of illiteracy in India.
3. Point out the measures to be taken to tackle the terrorism.
4. State who are the weaker section and who are the minorities in India.
5. Mention the important features of an industrial society.
6. Enumerate the difference between Indian Culture and Western Culture.



**GROUP – C**

**( Long Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. Explain the problem of Child Labour in India referring to its magnitude, causes and measures to control the system.  $6 + 5 + 4$
8. a) Give outline of the traditional caste system in India.  
b) Describe the major factors contributing to decline of caste rigidity as at present.  $7 + 8$
9. a) Highlight the different types and causes of unemployment in India.  
b) Discuss the government policy for removing the problems of unemployment.  $10 + 5$
10. a) Define poverty.  
b) What are the causes of it ?  
c) Critically assess the poverty alleviation measures in India.  $2 + 6 + 7$
11. Write notes on any *two* the following :  $2 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$
- a) Value crisis in the contemporary Indian society  
b) Rural and urban population  
c) Juvenile delinquency  
d) Agrarian society.