



Name :
Roll No. :
Invigilator's Signature :

CS/BBA(H)/BIRM, BSCM/SEM-1/BBA-105/2010-11

2010-11

INDIAN SOCIETY & CULTURE

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

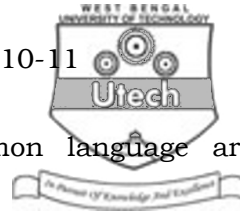
GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct answer from the given alternatives :

10 × 1 = 10

- i) As per 2001 Census report, India's total population is _____ million.
- | | |
|---------|----------|
| a) 1207 | b) 1270 |
| c) 1027 | d) 1702. |
- ii) Demographic transition relates to
- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| a) Population | b) Education |
| c) Health | d) Service. |
- iii) Those who cultivate their own lands and donot use hired labours are known as
- | | |
|----------|-------------------|
| a) Malik | b) Majdur |
| c) Kisan | d) None of these. |
- iv) Culture is distinguished from
- | | |
|------------|------------------|
| a) Values | b) Norms |
| c) Symbols | d) Civilisation. |



- v) Endogamy, common society, common language are some of the important features of
- a) Agrarian society b) Industrial society
c) Tribal society d) Christian society.
- vi) Disguised unemployment is generally found in
- a) Agricultural sector b) Industrial sector
c) Tertiary sector d) Service sector.
- vii) A child means a person with age
- a) above 8 years b) below 10 years
c) below 14 years d) below 18 years.
- viii) Demographic segmentation of the Indian population is reflected in
- a) Elections
b) Income analysis
c) Census
d) Buying behaviour analysis.
- ix) The literacy rate in India is
- a) above 80% b) below 60%
c) below 70% d) below 80%.
- x) "Mandal Commission" is associated with the welfare of
- a) Scheduled Castes
b) Scheduled Tribes
c) Other Backward Classes
d) General Class.



GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

3 × 5 = 15

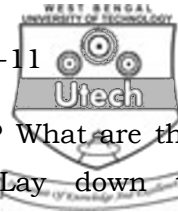
2. State the major factors causing migration of people.
3. Enumerate the different problems of aged population in India.
4. Highlight the various features of Industrial society.
5. Give an idea of juvenile delinquency and its effects on the society.
6. Define culture. Draw a distinction between caste and culture.

GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. 3 × 15 = 45

7. Explain the problems of child labour in India referring to its magnitude, causes and measures to control the system.
8.
 - a) What do you mean by 'Human Values' ?
 - b) Give the reasons for the value crisis in the contemporary Indian society. 5 + 10
9. Give a detailed account of the problem of housing in India along with Governmental interventions to address the problem.



10. What do you mean by the terms SC & ST ? What are their strengths in the Indian population ? Lay down the constitutional provisions for the SCs & the STs in India.

1 + 2 + 12

11. Explain the various phases of growth of Indian population. Discuss the demographic profile of Indian population with reference to the age and sex distribution, languages, life expectancy and literacy level.

7 + 8

