Name :	
Roll No. :	An Annual (V Example for Find Examples
Invigilator's Signature :	

## CS/BCA/SEM-3/BBA-301/2009-10 2009 MANAGEMENT & ACCOUNTING

*Time Allotted* : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

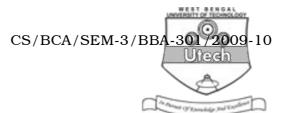
## GROUP – A ( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following :  $10 \times 1 = 10$ 
  - i) EOQ provides the optimum level at which
    - a) labour cost is minimum
    - b) sales is maximum
    - c) profit is maximum
    - d) material cost is minimum.
  - ii) During inflation which method shows higher profitability from material issue ?
    - a) FIFO b) LIFO
    - c) Simple average d) Weighted average.

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iii						
		a)	planning	b)	staffing	
		c)	directing	d)	all of these.	
iv			er of Management, Fre h of the following book		k Winslow Taylor wrote	
		a)	The Shop Management			
		b)	Practices of Manageme	nt		
		c)	Management Studies			
		d)	Leading the Revolution	•		
v) A process organization is viewed as						
		a)	mechanical entity	b)	dynamic entity	
		c)	humanistic entity	d)	both (b) & (c).	
vi	)	MBC	) stands for			
		a)	Management By Objeti	ves		
		b)	Model Budget Operatio	n		
	c) Management By Organization					
	d) Management By Orientation.					
vi	i)	Trial	Balance is			
		a)	an account			
		b)	a statement			
		c)	real account			
		d)	pseudonominal account	ıt.		
vi	ii)	Curr	ent ratio is used to mea	isure		
		a)	long-term solvency			
		b)	financial stability			
		c)	short-term solvency			
		d)	efficiency of an organiz	ation		



- ix) Goodwill is
  - a) fixed asset
  - b) current asset
  - c) intangible fixed asset
  - d) tangible financial asset.
- x) EPS is the measure of
  - a) profitability
  - b) credibility
  - c) operational efficiency
  - d) measure of central tendency.
- xi) All indirect cost is called
  - a) total cost b) mix cost
  - c) overhead cost d) none of these.
- xii) Which of the following is not credited to the Trading  $A/c.\ ?$ 
  - a) sales
  - b) closing stock
  - c) bad debt
  - d) abnormal loss of stock.
- xiii) Which of the following is a capital budgeting technique ?
  - a) pay-back period
  - b) entity concept
  - c) going concern concept
  - d) none of these.

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GROUP – B	(A)
(Short Answer Type Questions)	Contraction of the second seco
Answer any <i>three</i> of the following.	$3 \times 5 = 15$

2. Find out the EOQ from the following particulars and also find out the no. of order placing :

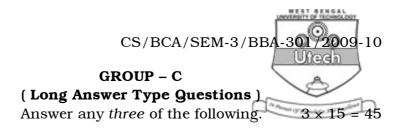
Annual usage : 6000 units

Cost of material per unit : Rs. 20

Cost of placing and receiving one order : Rs. 60

Annual carrying cost of one unit : 10% of inventory value.

- 3. Differentiate between cost centre and cost unit.
- 4. Distinguish between trial balance and balance sheet. What are the decision to be taken from the balance sheet and trial balance ?
- 5. What do you mean by Margin of Safety in cost volume Profit analysis ?
- 6. Distinguish between real and personal accounts.



From the following particulars, prepare cost sheet, assuming sales are made on the basis of "FIFO" principle :
 Raw materials Rs. 16000 ( as on 1. 01. 08 )

Rs. 19600 ( as on 31. 21. 08 )

Working in progress Rs. 12600 ( as on 1.01.08 )

Rs. 4600 ( as on 31. 12. 08 )

Finished goods Rs. 16400, 3000 units ( as on 1. 01. 08 )

2500 units ( as on 31. 12. 08 )

Purchase of raw material Rs. 111600, sale of finished goods ( 40500 units ) Rs. 283500 distribution overheads 50 paise per unit sold, machine hour rate Rs. 2.50, machine hours worked 8000 hours. 15

8. What do you mean by Break-even point (BEP)? How is BEP determined for a multi-product company ? State with examples the business decision taken from this analysis.

4 + 5 + 6

9. a) Determine maximum stock and buffer stock at a reasonable level while providing a good service where

	Maximum	Average	Minimum
Daily consumption	75 units	50 units	25 units
Delivery period	5 days	2 days	1 day
Ideal order size = 125 units			
Reorder level = 375 units.			

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- b) The average annual consumption of material is 20,000 kg at a price of Rs. 2 per kg. The storage cost is 16% on average inventory and the cost of placing one order is Rs. 50. How much is to be purchased at a time?
- c) Define planning and decision making. What are its characteristics ?5
- 10. The following information is obtained from the records of Sylvania Ltd.

Variable cost Rs. 8,00,000

Fixed costs Rs. 3,00,000

You required to

- a) Find the P/V ratio, Break-even point and Margin of Safety.
- b) Calculate the effect of the following on the above :
  - i) 10% increase in fixed cost
  - ii) 20% increase in fixed cost
  - iii) 10% increase in variable cost
  - iv) 10% decrease in variable cost. 15

- CS/BCA/SEM-3/BBA-301/2009-10 What is meant by Budgeting ? State its importance in financial management.
- b) A company has an investment opportunity amounting
  Rs. 40,000. The following expected Net Cash Flow ( after tax & before depreciation ) is as follows :

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Cash Flow	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	8,000	10,000	15,000	10,000	4,000

Assuming 10% as cost of capital, determine

- i) pay back period
- ii) NPV at 10% discounting factor
- iii) PI at 10% discounting factor. 5 + 3 + 5 + 2
- 12. Explain how planning, scheduling, stuffing and controlling help a multinational company to usher in growth.15

11. a)

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