



Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/B.PHARM(NEW)/SEM-5/PT-504/2011-12

2011

**PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY
(BIOCHEMISTRY)**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

**GROUP – A
(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following :

$10 \times 1 = 10$

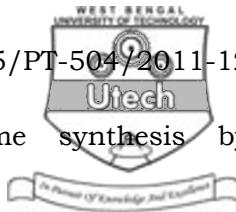
- i) Octapeptide contains how many peptide bonds ?
a) 6 b) 7
c) 8 d) 9.
- ii) Many cancer cells are associated with abnormal production of
a) carbohydrate b) protein
c) vitamin d) fats.
- iii) In eukaryotic cell, m-RNA contains cap.
a) 3-methyl guanosine b) 7-methyl guanosine
c) 1-methyl guanosine d) 9-methyl guanosine.

5118 (N)

[Turn over



- iv) Tryptophan operon is
- inducible
 - initially inducible then repressible
 - repressible
 - initially repressible then inducible.
- v) Which of the following amino acids can undergo non-oxidative deamination reaction ?
- Glycine
 - Phenyl alanine
 - Serine
 - Tyrosine.
- vi) Required co-enzyme for all transamination reactions is
- FAD
 - FMN
 - PLP
 - NADP.
- vii) Which of the following acts as an allosteric activator for carbamoyl phosphate synthase-I in urea cycle ?
- Folic acid
 - Biotin
 - N-acetyl glutamate
 - All of these.
- viii) The nicking-resealing enzymes are called
- Polymerases
 - Ligases
 - Reverse transcriptases
 - DNA topoisomerases.
- ix) Urea biosynthesis occurs in
- Liver
 - Kidney
 - Pancreas
 - Urethra.



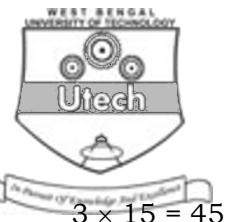
- x) Lead poisoning inhibits the heme synthesis by inhibiting
- Ferrochelatase & ALA dehydratase
 - only ALA synthetase
 - Ferrochelatase & ALA synthetase.
- xi) The number of base pairs present in each turn (pitch) of *B*-form of DNA helix is
- 10
 - 12
 - 7
 - 9.
- xii) Choose the correct palindromic sequence :
- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| a) 5' — GGGGGG — 3' | b) 5' — ATGCAG — 3' |
| 3' — CCCCCC — 5' | 3' — TACGTC — 5' |
| c) 5' — GGCGCC — 3' | 5' — GGAAGC — 3' |
| 3' — CCGCGG — 5' | 3' — GCTTCG — 5' |

GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. Name the thyroid hormones and discuss the abnormalities associated with them.
3. Briefly explain post-translational modifications.
4. Write down the catabolism of methionine and histidine.
5. What is ammonia intoxication ? Which complication arises due to ammonia intoxication ?
6. Write an account on Lac Operon.



GROUP – C
(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) Discuss in detail the role of Vitamin A in vision.
b) Describe the coenzyme activity of water soluble vitamins in various biochemical reactions.
c) Write down the deficiency symptoms of vitamin D.

$6 + 8 + 1$

8. Discuss in detail the biosynthesis of purine nucleotides. Write a short note on disorders of purine nucleotide metabolism. $12 + 3$
9. Explain the citric acid cycle. What are the disorders of the citric acid cycle ? $10 + 5$
10. Define vector with one example. Enumerate Insulin production by Recombinant DNA Technology. $3 + 12$
11. Write short notes on the following : $2 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$
a) Urea cycle
b) DNA transcription.

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