					Utech
Na	me : .			•••••	
Ro	ll No.	:			A Stange (V Executing 2nd Explore)
Inυ	vigilat	or's S	Signature :		
			C	S/HM/	SEM-2/BHM-202/2012
			201	<b>12</b>	
			BIO-STATI	STICS	S – I
Tin	ne All	otted	: 3 Hours		Full Marks: 70
		TP	ne figures in the marg	in indica	ate full marks.
C	andic	lates	are required to give th	neir ans	wers in their own words
			as far as	practice	able.
			GROUI	P – A	
			( Multiple Choice 7	Гуре Qı	iestions )
1.	Ch	oose 1	the correct alternative	es for ar	ny ten of the following:
					10 × 1 = 10
	i)	Bio	-statistics is also kno	wn as	
		a)	Biology	b)	Biometry
		c)	Biotic	d)	none of these.
	ii)	A n	nedian divides a set o	f observ	ration into
		a)	two equal parts	b)	three equal parts

2058 [Turn over

d)

b)

d)

28

26.

If for a distribution, mean = 24.6 and median = 25.1, the

none of these.

four equal parts

c)

a)

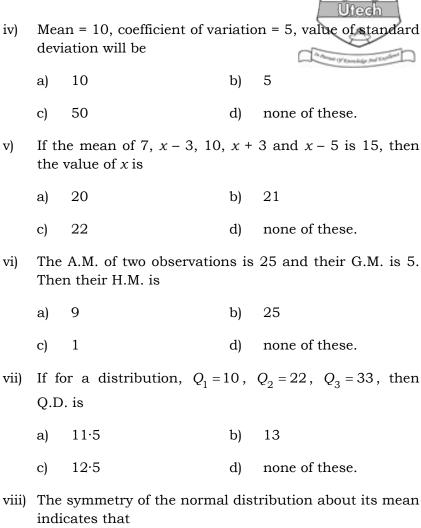
c)

mode is

26.1

30.8

## CS/HM/SEM-2/BHM-202/2012



- a) the distribution is bell shaped
- b) the area under the curve on both sides of the mean is equal
- c) the two tails extend indefinitely on either sides of the mean
- d) all of these.



- ix) For a standard normal probability distribution, the mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$  are
  - a)  $\mu = 0$ ,  $\sigma = 1$
- b)  $\mu = 16, \ \sigma = 4$
- c)  $\mu = 25, \ \sigma = 5$
- d)  $\mu = 100, \ \sigma = 10$ .
- x) The skewness of normal density curve is
  - a) 1

b) (

c) 2

- d) none of these.
- xi) Vital statistics is related with
  - a) statistics of national income
  - b) statistics of consumption expenditure
  - c) statistics of human beings
  - d) none of these.
- xii) Which of the following is a measure of relative dispersion?
  - a) Standard deviation
- b) Mean deviation
- c) Coefficient of variation d) Range.
- xiii) The area under the normal curve covered within  $\,\mu\pm3\sigma\,$  limits is
  - a) 0.6827

b) 0.9545

c) 0.9973

- d) none of these.
- xiv) Relation between mean, median and mode is
  - a) mode = 3 median 2 mean
  - b) mean mode = 3 (mean median)
  - c) 3 median = 2 (mean + mode)
  - d) none of these.

## CS/HM/SEM-2/BHM-202/2012

## GROUP - B ( Short Answer Type Questions )

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

2. Present the following data by a Component bar diagram:

	Numbers of	Numbers of	
Year	Bushel of Wheat	Bushel of Corn	
	(in tons)	(in tons)	
1990	200	75	
1991	155	90	
1992	220	120	
1993	240	150	
1994	250	90	

- 3. A student obtained mean and standard deviation of 100 observations as 40·1 and 5 respectively. It was later found that he copied 50 wrongly instead of correct value 40. Find the correct mean and standard deviation.
- 4. Find the missing frequencies in the following frequency distribution, when it is known that A.M. = 11.09:

Class Limits	9.3 - 9.7	9.8-10.2	10.3-10.7	10.8-11.2
Frequency	2	5	$f_3$	$f_4$

11.3-11.7	11.8-12.2	12:3-12:7	12.8-13.2	Total
14	6	3	1	60

5. A certain stimulus administered to each of 12 patients resulted in the following changes in blood pressure :

$$5, 2, 8, -1, 3, 0, -2, 1, 5, 0, 4, 6.$$

Can it be concluded that the stimulus will in general be accompanied by an increase in blood pressure? ( t = 2.2 for 11 d.f at 5% level)

2058



6. Construct a pie chart for the following data :
Principal Exporting Countries of cotton with their respective frequencies are as follows :

USA	India	Egypt	Brazil	Argentina
6,367	2,999	1,688	650	202

## GROUP – C ( Long Answer Type Questions )

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

7. Marks of 50 students in a test are given below:

34	46	48	43	47	30	48	50	45	32
15	10	5	6	25	39	41	47	5	7
11	13	17	21	27	30	31	33	37	38
49	43	41	12	9	21	37	36	48	25
21	20	15	16	8	32	40	41	50	47

- i) Arrange the data in frequency distribution in 10 class intervals.
- ii) Find the class boundaries and the class marks.
- iii) Find the cumulative frequency both more than and less than types.
- iv) Obtain the percentage frequency in each class intervals.

3 + 3 + 6 + 3

- 8. a) In a sample of 120 workers in a factory, the mean and S.D. of wages were Rs. 11·35 and Rs. 3·30 respectively. Find the percentage of workers getting wages between Rs. 9 and Rs. 17 in the whole factory, assuming that the wages are normally distributed. (Given, area under standard normal curve from z = 0 to z = 0·78 is 0·2833 and to z = 1·86 is 0·4686).
  - b) It is claimed that the students entering in Hospital Management Dept. have an average I.Q. higher that 100. A random sample of 16 is taken and the sample mean is found to be 106. The sample S.D. is 10. Is the claim supportable? (It is given  $t_{0.01}$ = 2·28 for 9 d.f.)
- 9. a) Define vital statistics.

3

b) Calculate (i) Crude death rate, (ii) Specific death rate and (iii) standardized death rate from the following data:

Age group	Population	No. of deaths in a year	Standard population (thousand)
0-5	6000	140	110
6-15	8000	25	210
16-35	15000	65	360
36-60	16000	175	240
61 and above	10000	325	80

c) Write a short note on Normal distribution.

4

2058



10. a) The number of students for different marks group is given below. Calculate standard deviation.

Class intervals	12.5-17.5	17.5-22.5	22.5-27.5	27·5-32·5
No. of Students	2	22	10	14

32·5-37·5	37·5-42·5	42.5-47.5	47·5-52·5	52·5-57·5
3	4	6	1	1

b) After shift of origin and change of scale of a frequency distribution of a continuous variable (x) with equal class width takes the following form with changed variable (u):

U	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
Frequency	2	5	7	13	21	16	8	3

If the mean and variance of the distribution are 21.9 and 63.9725 respectively, find the original frequency distribution.

- 11. a) The distribution of heights of a group of 10000 men is normal with mean height 64.5" and standard deviation 4.5". Find the number of men whose height is
  - i) less than 69" but more than 55.5"
  - ii) less than 55.5"
  - iii) more than 73.5"

7

b) Draw histogram, frequency polygon and ogives (both 'more than' and 'less than' types) for the following frequency distribution:

Wages (Rs.)	50-59	60-69	70-79	80-89	90-99	100-109	110-119
No. of employees	8	10	16	14	10	5	2

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