

Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/MBA (NEW)/SEM-3 (FT)/HSA-303/2009-10

2009

HEALTH POLICY AND NATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAMME

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

**GROUP – A
(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**

1. Choose the correct alternatives of the following : $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Which one of the following is *not* true about the National Malaria Eradication programme ?
 - a) It was launched in India in April, 1953
 - b) The modified plan of operation of NMEP came into force from 1st April, 1977
 - c) Under modified plan of operation, API 1 and above should be taken up for spray
 - d) None of these.



ii) Choose the correct sentence :

- a) National Tuberculosis Programme has been in force since 1962
- b) National Leprosy Eradication Programme has been in operation since 1955
- c) National AIDS Control Programme was launched in India in 1985
- d) The National Programme for control of Blindness was launched in the year 1978.

iii) Which one of the following diseases is *not* one of the childhood vaccine preventable diseases ?

- a) Diphtheria
- b) Pertussis
- c) Polio
- d) Malaria.

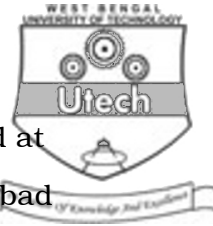
iv) Which one of the following is *not* one of the National Socio Demographic Goals by 2010 ?

- a) Reduce infant mortality rate to below 20 per 1000 live births
- b) Promote delayed marriage for girls, not earlier than age 18 and preferably after 20 years of age
- c) Achieve universal access to information/counselling and services for fertility regulation and contraception with wide basket choices
- d) Reduce maternal mortality ratio to below 100 per 100,000 live births.



- v) The objectives of National Mental Health Programme in India are
- to ensure availability and accessibility of minimum mental health care for all in the near foreseeable future, particularly to the most vulnerable sections of the population
 - to encourage mental health knowledge and skills in general health care and social development.
 - to promote community participation in mental health service development and to stimulate self-help in the community
 - all of these.
- vi) The term “comprehensive health care” was first used by
- Bhore committee
 - Mudaliar committee
 - Chopra committee
 - Srivastava committee.
- vii) Which one of the following is *not* one of the long term objectives of National Tuberculosis Programme ?
- One case infects less than one new person annually
 - The prevalence of infection in age group below 14 years is brought down to less than 1 per cent, against about 30 per cent as at present
 - To vaccinate newborns and infants with BCG
 - None of these.
- viii) P.falciparum containment programme has been introduced with the help of
- SIDA
 - DANIDA
 - Red Cross
 - WHO.

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ix) National Tuberculosis Institute is located at

- a) Bangalore b) Hyderabad
c) Chennai d) Delhi.

x) NACO was set up in the year

- a) 1998 b) 1978
c) 1992 d) 1994.

GROUP – B
(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer *all* of the following. 3 × 5 = 15

2. Write about the long term and short term objectives of National Tuberculosis programme.
3. Write short note on Stress management.
4. Write about the principles of Primary Health Care.

GROUP – C
(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer *all* of the following. 3 × 15 = 45

5. Write in detail the steps of evaluating health programmes. Explain with the help of an example.
6. Write in detail about the activities of DTC. Write in brief about the Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme.
7. What are the objectives of ICDS programme ? Write in detail about the strategies of deliver service under ICDS ?