	Uiteah
Name:	
Roll No.:	To Grant by Exercising and Exercise
Invigilator's Signature :	

FUNDAMENTALS OF NETWORKING

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) HDLC in stands for
 - a) Hard-Drive Link Control
 - b) High-Density Layer Control
 - c) High Data Level Control
 - d) High Level Data Link Control.
- ii) Which among the following is the current standard for HDLC that replaces all of previous standards?
 - a) ISO 3309
- b) ISO 13239
- c) ISO 4335
- d) ISO 6256.

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- iii) Forming data packets and adding source and destination port numbers in the header of each data packet is the function of
 - a) Application Layer
 - b) Physical Layer
 - c) Data-Link Layer
 - d) Transport Layer.
- iv) Web conferencing, in which the streams of audio and video must be synchronous to avoid so-called lip-synch problems is an application of
 - a) Presention Layer b)
- b) Application Layer
 - c) Session Layer
- d) Network Layer.
- v) The following sub layer(s) of Data Link Layer emulates a full-duplex logical communication channel in a multipoint network
 - a) LLC Layer
- b) MAC Layer
- c) both (a) and (b)
- d) none of these.



- vi) TDM (time-division multiplexing) ca be distinguished from packet mode communication is that
 - a) the time-slots are recurrent in a fixed order and pre-allocated to the channels
 - b) the time-slots are scheduled on a packet-by-packet basis
 - c) both (a) and (b)
 - d) none of these.
- vii) Sampling and Quantization are the features of
 - a) PPM

b) PAM

c) PCM

- d) all of these.
- viii) Network swithches differ from Network Hubs is that
 - a) switches can have ports of different speed
 - b) hubs can have ports of different speed
 - c) both (a) and (b)
 - d) none of these.

ix) The Token Passing mechanism is shared by

- a) ARCNET
- b) Token Bus

c) FDDI

- d) all of these.
- x) The practice of sending unwanted e-mail messages, frequently with commercial content, in large quantities to an indiscriminate set of recipients is known as
 - a) E-mail Spam
 - b) Unsolicited Bulk Email (UBE)
 - c) Junk Mail
 - d) all of these.

GROUP - B

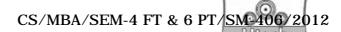
(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. The period of a signal is 100 ms. What is its frequency in kilohertz?
- 3. What is the difference between a port address, a logical address and a physical address?

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- 4. What are the responsibilities of the tranport layer in the internet model?
- 5. Explain why most of the addresses in class A are wasted ?
 Explain why a medium size or a large size corporation does
 not want a block of class C addresses ?
- 6. What are needs and advantages of digital signature?

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. a) Find the class of the following IP addresses: 5
 - I. 237.14.2.1
 - II. 208.35.54.12
 - III. 129.14.6.8
 - IV. 114.34.2.8
 - b) An organization is granted the block 211.17.180.0/24.

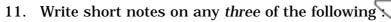
 The administrater wants to create 32 subnets.
 - i) Find the subnet mask
 - ii) Find the number of addresses in each subnet
 - iii) Find the first and the last address in subnet 1
 - iv) Find the first and the last address in subnet 32.

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8.	a)	Define analog transmission.	3
	b)	Define carrier signal and its role in analog transmission	1.
			5
	c)	Distinguish between a signal element and data element	
			5
	d)	Express a period of 100 ms in microseconds.	2
9.	a)	For n devices in network what is the number of cable	le
		link required for a mesh, ring, bus and star topology?	
			5
	b)	What are the responsibilities of the network layer in th	e
		internet model?	4
	c)	What is a peer-to-peer-process?	2
	d)	What are the advantages of a multipoint connection	n
		over a point to point connection ?	4
10.	a)	What is the difference between session and connection	n
		in SSL?	5
	b)	Why does IPsec need a security association?	5
	c)	Discuss RSA algorithm.	5





- a) ALOHA
- b) OSI layers
- c) Pulse code modulation
- d) Digital signature
- e) Cryptography.