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Invigilator's Signature :	

CS/MCA/SEM-3/MCA-302/2009-10 2009

UNIX AND SHELL PROGRAMMING

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following :

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Regular expression not matching either of a, b or c is
 - a) ! [*abc*] b) ^ [*abc*]
 - c) [!a!b!c] d) [^abc]
- ii) The type of kernel that gets completely copied to the primary memory while booting is called
 - a) Micro-kernal
 - b) Pseudo-kernal
 - c) Monolithic kernal
 - d) X-kernal.

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iii) Consider the folloiwng code segment :

x = 10y = 20

The command to display the product of x and y is

- a) expr x * y b) expr x / * y
- c) echo x * y d) echo x / * y
- iv) Among the undermentioned utilies faster search is achieved through
 - a) egrep b) grep
 - c) fgrep d) vgre
- v) How do you get all files with r, g or i on the third place ?
 - a) ls * [rgi]* b) ls ** [rgi]?
 - c) ls ?? [rgi] * d) ls [..i *]

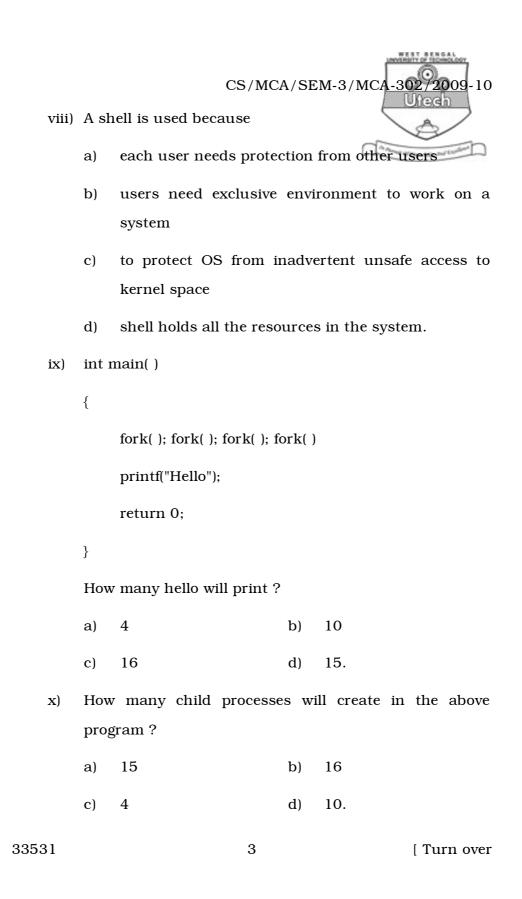
vi) How to create a new file without opening it ?

- a) Less filename b) Touch filename
- c) Cat filename d) More filename.

vii) All the contents of a file are stored in

- a) data block
- b) super block
- c) boot block
- d) inode block.

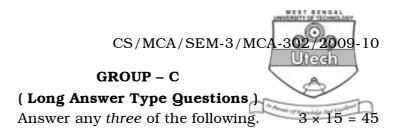
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GROUP – B	A
(Short Answer Type Questions)	A American Constant
Answer any <i>three</i> of the following.	$3 \times 5 = 15$

- What do you mean by positional parameter ? How do you refer positional parameter within shell scripts ? Give suitable example.
 2 + 3
- 3. What is *i*-node ? What are the various types of information stored in it ?
- 4. a) What are the differences between absolute path and relative path ?
 - b) What are the different types of shell variables ? 2+3
- 5. Explain the differences between grep and sed commands in unix.
- 6. Write a shell script that displays all the command line arguments passed with the name of program in different lines (1 argument in each line).

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- 7. a) Explain 'Booting' process in UNIX O.S.
 - b) What do the terms UID, PID and PPID stand for ? For a currently executing process how can you obtain these values ?
 - c) What is zombie process ?
 - d) What are fork and exec system calls meant for ? How are they different ? 5 + 3 + 2 + 5
- 8. a) Explain internal and external commands in UNIX.
 - b) What are the utilities of environment variables ?
 - c) What are the two ways to specify pattern and action to the awk command ?
 - d) Write a simple awk program that asks for a word and a file name and then tells you the no. of occurrences of that word into that file.
 - e) Write down the significances of any two of the following shell variables

PS2, TERM, PATH. 2 + 2 + 3 + 6 + 2

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- 9. a) Write a shell script that accepts a username from the user and displayrs all the information about the user from /etc/passwd file in a customized format.
 - b) Write a shell script that checks the system time and currently logged-in username and wishes him/her
 "GOOD MORNING" or "GOOD AFTERNOON" according to time.
 8 + 7
- 10. a) What is the use of touch command ?
 - b) What is a background process ? How can a process be run in background ?
 - c) Write a shell program to store the names, size, permissions of all the regular files present in the current directory in a file named backup. 2 + 4 + 9
- 11. a) What are links ? Differentiate between hard links and symbolic links. Differentiate between absolute path and relative path name.
 - b) Write a shell script to input numbers at command line and print a count of positive and negative numbers entered.
 (2+4+4)+5

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- Describe internal & external UNIX commands. a)
- Describe any four shell variables. b)
- Interpret the following instructions : c)
 - i) ls – a *
 - cp ?aa * ?ab * ii)
- Explain tar command with example. d)

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